

Revision Date: 03/15/2013 Print Date: 4/9/2013 MSDS Number: R0296766 Version: 1.11

ZerexTM G-05 ANTIFREEZE COOLANT 3477

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Ashland P.O. Box 2219 Columbus, OH 43216	Regulatory Information Number Telephone Emergency telephone number	1-800-325-3751 614-790-3333 1-800-ASHLAND (1-800-274- 5263)
Product name	Zerex [™] G-05 ANTIFREEZE COOI	LANT
Product code	3477	

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Appearance: liquid, light yellow

WARNING! MAY AFFECT THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM CAUSING DIZZINESS, HEADACHE OR NAUSEA. MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH THE SKIN. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.

Potential Health Effects

Exposure routes

Inhalation, Skin absorption, Skin contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion

Eye contact

May cause mild eye irritation. Symptoms include stinging, tearing, and redness.

Skin contact

May cause slight skin irritation. Passage of this material into the body through the skin is possible, and may add to toxic effects from breathing or swallowing. Skin absorption of this material (or a component) may be increased through injured skin.

Ingestion

Swallowing this material may be harmful.Liver, kidney and brain damage in humans has resulted from swallowing lethal or near-lethal amounts of ethylene glycol.Ingestion of medications contaminated

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with diethylene glycol has caused kidney failure and death in humans. Products containing diethylene glycol should be considered toxic by ingestion.

Inhalation

It is possible to breathe this material under certain conditions of handling and use (for example, during heating, spraying, or stirring). Breathing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Breathing large amounts may be harmful. Symptoms are not expected at air concentrations below the recommended exposure limits, if applicable (see Section 8.).

Aggravated Medical Condition

Preexisting disorders of the following organs (or organ systems) may be aggravated by exposure to this material:, Skin, lung (for example, asthma-like conditions), Liver, Kidney, Central nervous system, Exposure to this material may aggravate any preexisting condition sensitive to a decrease in available oxygen, such as chronic lung disease, coronary artery disease or anemias.

Symptoms

Signs and symptoms of exposure to this material through breathing, swallowing, and/or passage of the material through the skin may include:, stomach or intestinal upset (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea), irritation (nose, throat, airways), Cough, central nervous system excitation (giddiness, liveliness, lightheaded feeling) followed by central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness) and other central nervous system effects, pain in the abdomen and lower back, cyanosis (causes blue coloring of the skin and nails from lack of oxygen), lung edema (fluid buildup in the lung tissue), acute kidney failure (sudden slowing or stoppingof urine production), liver damage, Convulsions, coma

Target Organs

Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in laboratory animals:, reproductive effects, effects on male fertility, testis damage, kidney damage, liver damage, central nervous system damage, Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in humans:, liver damage, kidney damage

Carcinogenicity

This material is not listed as a carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the National Toxicology Program (NTP), or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

Reproductive hazard

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Ethylene glycol has caused birth defects in animal studies at high oral doses. However, it did not cause harm to the pregnant animal or to the fetus when applied to the skin of the pregnant animal., This material (or a component) has been shown to cause harm to the fetus in laboratory animal studies. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Components	CAS-No. / Trade Secret No.	Concentration
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1	>=90-<=100%
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	111-46-6	>=1.5-<5%
SODIUM BENZOATE	532-32-1	>=1.5-<5%
DISODIUM TETRABORATE ANHYDROUS	1330-43-4	>=1.5-<5%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes

If symptoms develop, move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes gently with water while holding eyelids apart. If symptoms persist or there is any visual difficulty, seek medical attention.

Skin

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed area with soap and water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.

Ingestion

Seek medical attention. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on the left side with the head down. Contact a physician, medical facility, or poison control center for advice about whether to induce vomiting. If possible, do not leave individual unattended.

Inhalation

If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention; keep person warm and quiet. If person is not breathing, begin artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen.



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Notes to physician

Hazards: Effects of acute ethylene glycol poisoning appear in three fairly distinct stages. The initial stage occurs shortly after exposure, lasts 6-12 hours, and is characterized by central nervous system effects (transient exhilaration, nausea, vomiting, and in severe cases, coma, convulsions, and possible death). The second stage lasts from 12-36 hours after exposure and is initiated by the onset of coma. This phase is characterized by tachypnia, tachycardia, mild hypotension, cyanosis, and in severe cases, pulmonary edema, bronchopneumonia, cardiac enlargement, and congestive failure. The final stage occurs 24-72 post-exposure and is characterized by renal failure, ranging from a mild increase in blood urea nitrogen and creatinine followed by recovery, to complete anuria with acute tubular necrosis that can lead to death. Oxaluria is found in most cases. The most significant laboratory finding in ethylene glycol intoxication is severe metabolic acidosis. Ingestion or other significant exposure to this material (or a component) may cause metabolic acidosis.

Treatment: This product contains ethylene glycol. Ethanol decreases the metabolism of ethylene glycol to toxic metabolites. Ethanol should be administered as soon as possible in cases of severe poisoning since the elimination half-life of ethylene glycol is 3 hours. If medical care will be delayed several hours, give the patient three to four 1-ounce oral "shots" of 86-proof or higher whiskey before or during transport to the hospital. Fomepizole (4-methylpyrazole) is an effective antagonist of alcohol dehydrogenase, and as such, may be used as an antidote in the treatment of ethylene glycol poisoning. Hemodialysis effectively removes ethylene glycol and its metabolites from the body. Fomepizole (4-methylpyrazole) is an effective antagonist of alcohol dehydrogenase, and as such, may be used as an antidote in the treatment of ethylene glycol as such, may be used as an antidote in the treatment of ethylene glycol.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Water spray

Hazardous combustion products

Alcohols, Aldehydes, carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, ethers, Hydrocarbons, Sodium oxides, toxic fumes

Precautions for fire-fighting

Wear full firefighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear), and respiratory protection (SCBA). DO NOT direct a solid stream of water or foam into hot, burning pools of liquid since this may cause frothing and increase fire intensity. Frothing can be violent and possibly endanger any firefighter standing too close to the burning liquid. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and structures until fire is out if it can be done with minimal risk. Avoid spreading burning material with water used for cooling purposes.

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NFPA Flammable and Combustible Liquids Classification

Combustible Liquid Class IIIB

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

For personal protection see section 8. Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed.

Environmental precautions

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Do not let product enter drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Methods for cleaning up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Other information

Comply with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed.

Storage

Store in a cool, dry, ventilated area.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

ETHYLENE GLYCOL		107-21-1		
ACGIH	Ceiling Limit Value:	100 mg/m3	Aerosol.	
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL		111-46-6		

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WEEL	time weighted average	10 mg/m3	
DISODIUM TETRAB	ORATE ANHYDROUS	1330-43-4	
NIOSH	Recommended exposure	1 mg/m3	
	limit (REL):		
ACGIH	time weighted average	2 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
ACGIH	Short Term Exposure Limit	6 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
	(STEL):		

General advice

These recommendations provide general guidance for handling this product. Personal protective equipment should be selected for individual applications and should consider factors which affect exposure potential, such as handling practices, chemical concentrations and ventilation. It is ultimately the responsibility of the employer to follow regulatory guidelines established by local authorities.

Exposure controls

Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below exposure guidelines (if applicable) or below levels that cause known, suspected or apparent adverse effects.

Eye protection

Not required under normal conditions of use. Wear splash-proof safety goggles if material could be misted or splashed into eyes.

Skin and body protection

Wear resistant gloves such as:

Neoprene

Nitrile rubber

polyvinyl chloride

Wear normal work clothing including long pants, long-sleeved shirts and foot covering to prevent direct contact of the product with the skin. Launder clothing before reuse. If skin irritation develops, contact your facility health and safety professional or your local safety equipment supplier to determine the proper personal protective equipment for your use.

Discard gloves that show tears, pinholes, or signs of wear.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection is not required under normal conditions of use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES



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Physical state	liquid
Colour	light yellow
Odour	mild
Boiling point/boiling range	330 °F / 166 °C @ 760.00 mmHg
рН	(Average) 6.5
Flash point	> 250.0 °F / > 121.1 °C Closed Cup
Evapouration rate	(>)1 Ethyl Ether
Lower explosion limit/Upper explosion limit	3.2 %(V) / 15.3 %(V)
Vapour pressure	1.100 mmHg @ 68 °F / 20 °C
Relative vapour density	(>)1 AIR=1
Density	(Average) 1.1362 g/cm3 @ 60.01 °F / 15.56 °C
	9.45 lb/gal @ 77.00 °F / 25.00 °C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability

Stable.

Conditions to avoid

excessive heat, Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible products

Acids, Aldehydes, Alkali metals, Alkaline earth metals, Bases, iron salts, strong alkalis, Strong oxidizing agents, Sulphur compounds

Hazardous decomposition products

Alcohols, Aldehydes, carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, ethers, Hydrocarbons, Organic acids, Sodium oxides, toxic fumes, ketones

Hazardous reactions

Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely : Inhalation

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routes of exposure	Skin absorption Skin contact Eye Contact Ingestion
Product	
Acute oral toxicity	: no data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	: no data available
Acute dermal toxicity	: no data available
Skin corrosion/irritation	: no data available
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	: no data available
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: no data available
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	: Target Organs: Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in laboratory animals:, reproductive effects, effects on male fertility, testis damage, kidney damage, liver damage, central nervous system damage, Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in humans:, liver damage, kidney damage
<u>Components:</u>	
ETHYLENE GLYCOL: Acute oral toxicity	: LD 50 Rat: 6,140 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD 50 Rabbit: 9,530 mg/kg
STOT - repeated exposure	: Exposure routes: Ingestion Target Organs: Kidney, Liver



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Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD 50 Rat: 12,565 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC Lo Mouse: 130 mg/m3 Exposure time: 2 h
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD 50 Rabbit: 11,890 mg/kg
Experience with human exposure	: Liver
SODIUM BENZOATE: Acute oral toxicity	: LD 50 Rat: 4,070 mg/kg

DISODIUM TETRABORATE ANHYDROUS:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 rat: 1,200 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 Rabbit: > 1,055 mg/kg

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

no data available

Components:

ETHYLENE GLYCOL:

Toxicity to fish

: LC 50 (Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)): 27,540 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: Static



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	Mortality
	LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)): 8,050 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and : other aquatic invertebrates	LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna)): > 10,000 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Method: static test
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL:	
Toxicity to fish :	LC 50 (Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis)): > 32,000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: Static Mortality
Toxicity to daphnia and : other aquatic invertebrates	LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna)): > 10,000 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h Method: Static Mortality
SODIUM BENZOATE:	
Toxicity to fish :	LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Method: static test Method: Static Mortality
Toxicity to daphnia and : other aquatic invertebrates	LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Method: static test Method: Static Mortality

Persistence and degradability

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Product:

no data available

Components:

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL:

Biodegradability

: Biodegradation: 92 % Exposure time: 28 d

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

no data available

Components:

ETHYLENE GLYCOL:

Bioaccumulation	: Species: Crayfish (Procambarus)
	Exposure time: 61 d
	Concentration: 1000 mg/l
	Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.27
	Method: Flow through

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -1.36 octanol/water

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -1.47 octanol/water

Mobility in soil

Product:

no data available

Components:

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ETHYLENE GLYCOL:

Surface tension : 48.4 mN/m

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL:

Surface tension : 48.5 mN/m

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

REGULATION

ID	PROPER SHIPPING NAME	*HAZARD	SUBSIDIARY	PACKING	MARINE
NUMBER		CLASS	HAZARDS	GROUP	POLLUTANT
					/ LTD. QTY.
U.S. DOT - RC	DAD				
	Not dangerous goods				

U.S. DOT - RAIL

Not dangerous goods

U.S. DOT - INLAND WATERWAYS

Not dangerous goods

TRANSPORT CANADA - ROAD

Not dangerous goods

TRANSPORT CANADA - RAIL

Not dangerous goods

TRANSPORT CANADA - INLAND WATERWAYS

Not dangerous goods

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INTERNATIONAL MARITIME DANGEROUS GOODS

Not dangerous goods

INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION - CARGO

Not dangerous goods

INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION - PASSENGER

Not dangerous goods

MEXICAN REGULATION FOR THE LAND TRANSPORT OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AND WASTES

Not dangerous goods

*ORM = ORM-D, CBL = COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID

Dangerous goods descriptions (if indicated above) may not reflect quantity, end-use or region-specific exceptions that can be applied. Consult shipping documents for descriptions that are specific to the shipment.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

California Prop. 65

Proposition 65 warnings are not required for this product based	
on the results of a risk assessment.	

SARA Hazard Classification SARA 311/312 Classification Acute Health Hazard Chronic Health Hazard

SARA 313 Component(s)

ETHYLENE GLYCOL	94.07 %
L	

New Jersey RTK Label Information

ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	111-46-6
SODIUM BENZOATE	532-32-1
DISODIUM TETRABORATE ANHYDROUS	1330-43-4

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Pennsylvania RTK Label Information

ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	111-46-6
DISODIUM TETRABORATE ANHYDROUS	1330-43-4

Notification status

US. Toxic Substances Control Act	y (positive listing)
Canada. Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA).	q (quantity restricted)
Domestic Substances List (DSL). (Can. Gaz. Part II, Vol. 133)	
Australia. Industrial Chemical (Notification and Assessment)	y (positive listing)
Act	
New Zealand. Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC), as published	n (Negative listing)
by ERMA New Zealand	
Japan. Kashin-Hou Law List	n (Negative listing)
Korea. Toxic Chemical Control Law (TCCL) List	n (Negative listing)
Philippines. The Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear	y (positive listing)
Waste Control Act	
China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	y (positive listing)

Reportable quantity - Product

US. EPA CERCLA	Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)	5314 lbs

Reportable quantity-Components

ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1	5000 lbs

	HMIS	NFPA
Health	2*	1
Flammability	1	1
Physical hazards	0	
Instability		0
Specific Hazard		

16. OTHER INFORMATION



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The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances. This MSDS has been prepared by Ashland's Environmental Health and Safety Department (1-800-325-3751).

List of abbreviations and acronyms that could be, but not necessarily are, used in this safety data sheet : ACGIH : American Conference of Industrial Hygienists **BEI** : Biological Exposure Index CAS : Chemical Abstracts Service (Division of the American Chemical Society). CMR : Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or Toxic for Reproduction FG : Food grade GHS : Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals. H-statement : Hazard Statement IATA : International Air Transport Association. IATA-DGR : Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI (ICAO): Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" IMDG : International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods ISO : International Organization for Standardization logPow : octanol-water partition coefficient LCxx : Lethal Concentration, for xx percent of test population LDxx : Lethal Dose, for xx percent of test population. ICxx : Inhibitory Concentration for xx of a substance Ecxx : Effective Concentration of xx N.O.S.: Not Otherwise Specified OECD : Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development **OEL** : Occupational Exposure Limit P-Statement : Precautionary Statement PBT : Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic **PPE : Personal Protective Equipment** STEL : Short-term exposure limit STOT : Specific Target Organ Toxicity TLV : Threshold Limit Value TWA : Time-weighted average vPvB : Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative WEL : Workplace Exposure Level

CERCLA : Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act DOT : Department of Transportation FIFRA : Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

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HMIRC : Hazardous Materials Information Review Commission
HMIS : Hazardous Materials Identification System
NFPA : National Fire Protection Association
NIOSH : National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
OSHA : Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PMRA : Health Canada Pest Management Regulatory Agency
RTK : Right to Know
WHMIS : Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System