

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

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# **SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

**PRODUCT NAME:** Scotchgard (TM) Fabric Protector

**MANUFACTURER:** 3M

**DIVISION:** Protective Materials & Consumer Specialties Division

**ADDRESS:** 3M Center

St. Paul, MN 55144-1000

EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

Issue Date: 11/19/2004 Supercedes Date: Initial Issue

**Document Group:** 19-7408-8

**Product Use:** 

Specific Use: Fabric Protector

# **SECTION 2: INGREDIENTS**

 Ingredient
 C.A.S. No.
 % by Wt

 ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL
 67-63-0
 50 - 90

 ACETONE
 67-64-1
 5 - 25

 FLUOROCHEMICAL URETHANE
 Trade Secret
 1 - 10

# **SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 3.1 EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Odor, Color, Grade: Clear Liquid General Physical Form: Liquid

**Immediate health, physical, and environmental hazards:** Flammable liquid and vapor. Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Contact with aluminum or zinc in a pressurized system may generate hydrogen gas which could create an explosion hazard. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back. May cause target organ effects.

### 3.2 POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

**Eye Contact:** 

Moderate Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching.

#### **Inhalation:**

Upper Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal.

May be absorbed following inhalation and cause target organ effects.

#### **Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

May be absorbed following ingestion and cause target organ effects.

### **Target Organ Effects:**

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

### 4.1 FIRST AID PROCEDURES

The following first aid recommendations are based on an assumption that appropriate personal and industrial hygiene practices are followed.

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with large amounts of water. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

**Skin Contact:** Wash affected area with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

**Inhalation:** Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

**If Swallowed:** Do not induce vomiting. Give victim two glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.

# **SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1 FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

**Autoignition temperature** 399 °C

Flash Point 12 °C [Test Method: Closed Cup]

Flammable Limits - LEL 2 % Flammable Limits - UEL 12.8 %

#### 5.2 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use fire extinguishers with class B extinguishing agents (e.g., dry chemical, carbon dioxide).

#### 5.3 PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS

**Special Fire Fighting Procedures:** Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Exposure to extreme heat can give rise to thermal decomposition. Wear full protective equipment (Bunker Gear) and a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Flammable liquid and vapor. Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Contact with aluminum or zinc in a pressurized system may generate hydrogen gas which could create an explosion hazard. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back.

Note: See STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (SECTION 10) for hazardous combustion and thermal decomposition information.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Accidental Release Measures: Refer to other sections of this MSDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. Call 3M-HELPS line (1-800-364-3577) for more information on handling and managing the spill. Evacuate unprotected and untrained personnel from hazard area. The spill should be cleaned up by qualified personnel. Remove all ignition sources such as flames, smoking materials, and electrical spark sources. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Contain spill. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam designed for use on solvents, such as alcohols and acetone, that can dissolve in water. An AR - AFFF type foam is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a toxic, corrosivity or flammability hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Collect the resulting residue containing solution. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

In the event of a release of this material, the user should determine if the release qualifies as reportable according to local, state, and federal regulations.

# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1 HANDLING

Keep out of the reach of children. Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray. Avoid eye contact with vapors, mists, or spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water. Do not breathe thermal decomposition products. No smoking: Smoking while using this product can result in contamination of the tobacco and/or smoke and lead to the formation of the hazardous decomposition products mentioned in the Reactivity Data section of this MSDS. Store work clothes separately from other clothing, food and tobacco products. Avoid static discharge. Ground containers securely when transferring contents. Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame, pilot lights and other sources of ignition. Keep away from aluminum and zinc. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents.

#### 7.2 STORAGE

Keep container in well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from heat. Store out of direct sunlight. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store away from strong bases, amines, and reducing agents.

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Provide appropriate local exhaust ventilation on open containers. Provide appropriate local exhaust when product is heated. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below Occupational Exposure Limits and/or control mist, vapor, or spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. For those situations where the fluid might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use with appropriate local exhaust ventilation sufficient to maintain levels of thermal decomposition products below their exposure guidelines.

### 8.2 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

#### 8.2.1 Eye/Face Protection

Avoid eye contact with vapors, mists, or spray.

The following eye protection(s) are recommended: Indirect Vented Goggles.

#### 8.2.2 Skin Protection

Avoid skin contact.

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible materials.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polyvinyl Alcohol (PVA), Polyethylene/Ethylene Vinyl Alcohol.

#### 8.2.3 Respiratory Protection

Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray.

Select one of the following NIOSH approved respirators based on airborne concentration of contaminants and in accordance with OSHA regulations: Fullface air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges. Consult the current 3M Respiratory Selection Guide for additional information or call 1-800-243-4630 for 3M technical assistance.

#### 8.2.4 Prevention of Swallowing

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water.

#### 8.3 EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

Ingredient	Authority	Type	Limit	<b>Additional Information</b>
ACETONE	ACGIH	TWA	500 ppm	Table A4
ACETONE	ACGIH	STEL	750 ppm	Table A4
ACETONE	OSHA	TWA, Vacated	750 ppm	
ACETONE	OSHA	TWA	1000 ppm	Table Z-1
ACETONE	OSHA	STEL, Vacated	1000 ppm	
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	ACGIH	TWA	200 ppm	Table A4
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	ACGIH	STEL	400 ppm	Table A4
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	OSHA	TWA	400 ppm	Table Z-1A
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	OSHA	STEL	500 ppm	Table Z-1A
TIN, ORGANIC COMPOUNDS	ACGIH	TWA, as Sn	0.1  mg/m3	Skin Notation*; Table A4
TIN, ORGANIC COMPOUNDS	ACGIH	STEL, as Sn	0.2 mg/m3	Skin Notation*
TIN, ORGANIC COMPOUNDS	OSHA	TWA, as Sn	0.1 mg/m3	Skin Notation*; Table Z-1A

<sup>\*</sup> Substance(s) refer to the potential contribution to the overall exposure by the cutaneous route including mucous membrane and eye, either by airborne or, more particularly, by direct contact with the substance. Vehicles can alter skin absorption.

VAC Vacated PEL: Vacated Permissible Exposure Limits [PEL] are enforced as the OSHA PEL in some states. Check with your local regulatory agency.

SOURCE OF EXPOSURE LIMIT DATA:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer Recommended Guideline OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL)

# SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Odor, Color, Grade:Clear LiquidGeneral Physical Form:LiquidAutoignition temperature399 °C

Flash Point 12 °C [Test Method: Closed Cup]

Vapor Density2.1 [Ref Std: AIR=1]Vapor DensityNot ApplicableVapor Pressure44 mmHg [@ 68 °F]Vapor PressureNot Applicable

Specific Gravity 0.79 [Ref Std: WATER=1]

pH Not Applicable

Solubility In Water 10 - 80 %

Percent volatile 80 - 95 %

Viscosity No Data Available

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability: Stable.

Materials and Conditions to Avoid: Accelerators; Al or Mg powder and high/shear temperature conditions; Amines; Avoid shock or friction.; Combustibles; Finely divided active metals; Heat; High shear and high temperature conditions; Reactive metals; Reducing agents; Sparks and/or flames; Strong acids; Strong bases; Strong oxidizing agents

**Hazardous Polymerization:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

SubstanceConditionCarbonyl FluorideDuring CombustionCarbon monoxideDuring CombustionCarbon dioxideDuring CombustionHydrogen FluorideDuring CombustionPerfluoroisobutylene (PFIB)During Combustion

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Please contact the address listed on the first page of the MSDS for Toxicological Information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not determined.

### CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION

Not determined.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Waste Disposal Method:** Incinerate in a permitted hazardous waste incinerator. As a disposal alternative, dispose of waste product in a permitted hazardous waste facility.

Combustion products will include HF. Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable)

Since regulations vary, consult applicable regulations or authorities before disposal.

# **SECTION 14:TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**ID** Number(s):

IA-2401-2749-7

Please contact the emergency numbers listed on the first page of the MSDS for Transportation Information for this material.

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### US FEDERAL REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

#### 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No

This material contains a chemical which requires export notification under TSCA Section 12[b]:

 Ingredient (Category if applicable)
 C.A.S. No
 Regulation
 Status

 ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL
 67-63-0
 Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) 4 Test
 Applicable

 Rule Chemicals

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ACETONE 67-64-1 Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) 4 Test Applicable

Rule Chemicals

FLUOROCHEMICAL URETHANE Trade Secret Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) 5 Applicable

SNUR or Consent Order Chemicals

### STATE REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

### **CHEMICAL INVENTORIES**

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

All applicable chemical ingredients in this material are listed on the European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (EINECS), or are exempt polymers whose monomers are listed on EINECS.

Contact 3M for more information.

### INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

WHMIS: Hazardous

This MSDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

### NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 1 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

#### **HMIS Hazard Classification**

**Health:** 1 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 0 Protection: X - See PPE section.

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS(r)) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS(r) ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS(r) program. HMIS(r) is a registered mark of the National Paint and Coatings Association (NPCA).

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No revision information is available.

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